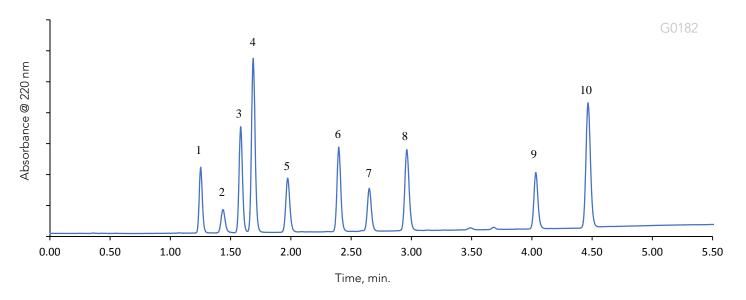
HALO: | Fused-Core® Particle Technology

Application Note: 188-P

Separation of Phenolic Acids on HALO® 90 Å RPA, 2.7 µm



TEST CONDITIONS:

Columns: HALO 90 Å RPA, 2.7 µm, 2.1 x 100 mm

Part Number: 92812-607

Mobile Phase A: 20mM Phosphoric Acid

Mobile Phase B: Methanol Gradient: <u>Time</u> <u>%B</u> 0.00 25

5.00 60 5.50 60

Flow Rate: 0.5 mL/min Initial Pressure: 345 bar Temperature: 35°C

Detection: UV 220 nm, PDA Injection Volume: 0.7 µL Sample Solvent: Methanol

Data Rate: 40 Hz

Response Time: 0.025 sec.

Flow Cell: 1 µL

LC System: Shimadzu Nexera X2

Structures on page 2

PEAK IDENTITIES:

- 1. Homovanillic acid
- 2. Caffeic acid
- 3. Syringic acid
- 4. Vanillic acid
- 5. Chlorogenic acid
- 6. Sinapic acid
- 7. Ferulic acid
- 8. p-Coumaric acid
- 9. trans-Cinnamic acid
- 10. Resveratrol

Phenolic acids can be found in many plant-based foods and beverages. Fruits, vegetables, and even olive oils all contain different varieties of these acids. For example, sinapic acid can be found in wine and caffeic acid can be found in coffee, cabbage, and apples. These compounds have antioxidant, anti-inflammatory, and antimicrobial properties so they can be effective against skin disorders. They also affect the flavors of the food or oil. A separation of ten phenolic acids is completed on a HALO® 90 Å RPA, 2.7 µm column with excellent speed and resolution.



Application Note: 188-P

Structures of Phenolic Acids

Homovanillic acid

Caffeic acid

Syringic acid

Chlorogenic acid Vanillic acid

Sinapic acid

Ferulic acid

p-Coumaric acid

trans-Cinnamic acid

Resveratrol